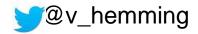


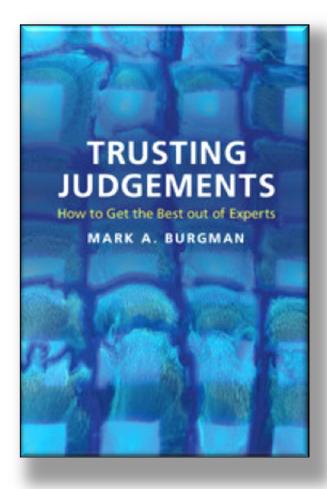


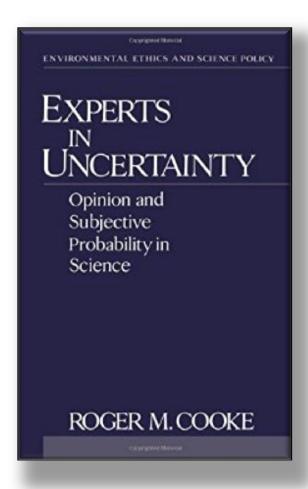
Who to Trust?

Assessing and improving expert judgement within conservation

Victoria Hemming
PhD Candidate
Centre of Excellence for Biosecurity Risk Analysis
The University of Melbourne
hemmingv@student.unimelb.edu.au







Why Conservation?



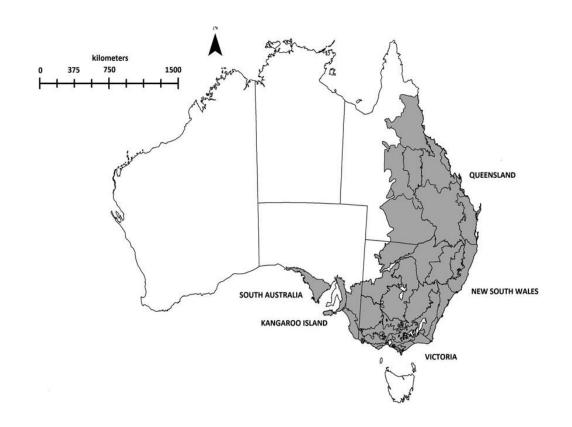




Estimating Population Sizes



© Australian Koala Foundation



Cost and Benefit of Management



© Al Hartmann Salt Lake Tribune





© Iki Films Ryan Kohatsu



© Foxnews



© MerriCreekManagementCommittee



© Weedsnetwork.com

Environmental Impact Assessment

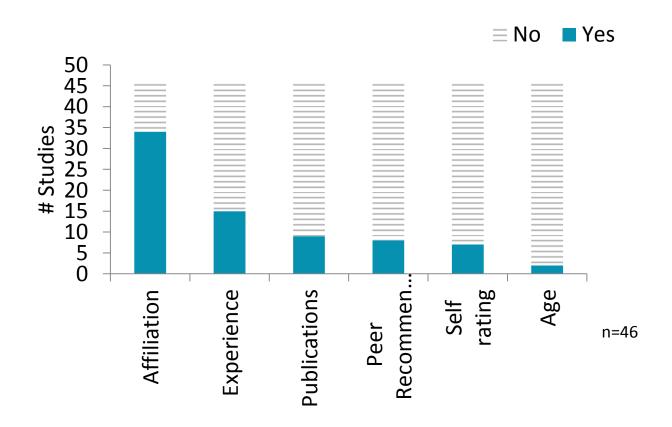


© Framepool

Global Environmental Policy

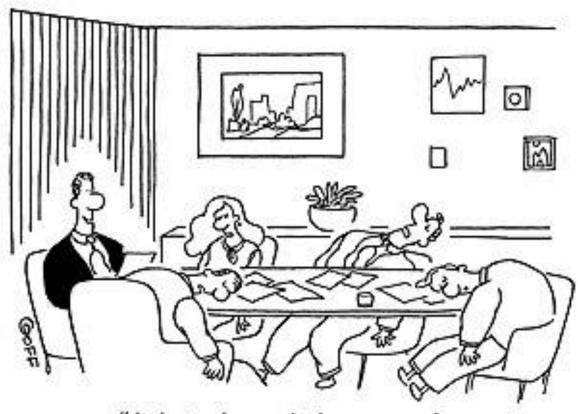


The experts?



Hemming, V (Draft) "The Reproducibility Crisis of Expert Judgement in Conservation".

Expert Judgement within Conservation



"At last we've reached a consensus!

Source: www.funnytimes.com

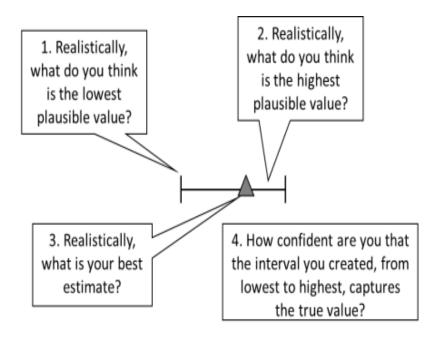
Expert Judgement within Conservation

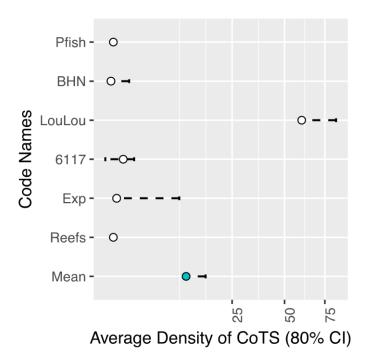
		Increasing consequence >>>> Years					
		1- Insignificant 0.00-0.083	2-Minor 0.084-1	3-Moderate 1.01-3.00	4- Major 3.01-5.00	5-Severe 5.01-10.00	
Increasing likelihood >>	5-Almost Certain 0.95-1.00	High	High	Extreme	Extreme	Extreme	
	4-Likely 0.71-0.95	Moderate	High	High	Extreme	Extreme	
	3- Moderate 0.31-0.71	Low	Moderate	High	Extreme	Extreme	
	2- Unlikely 0.051-0.30	Low	Low	Moderate	High	Extreme	
	1- Rare 0.00-0.05	Low	Low	Moderate	High	High	

Source: Advisian 2015

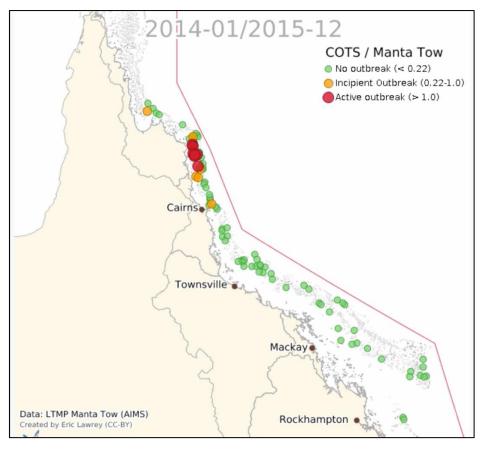
The IDEA Protocol



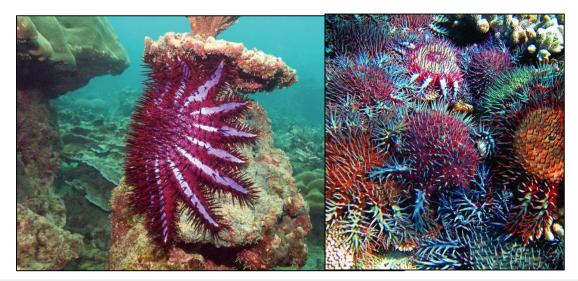


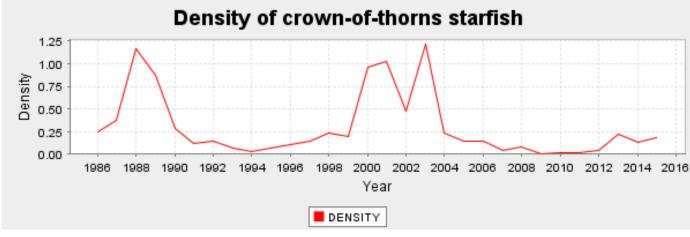


Case Study: Crown of Thorns Starfish on the Great Barrier Reef



The Great Barrier Reef, Australia



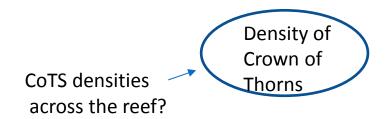


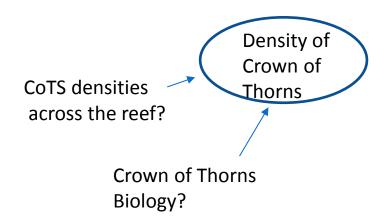
Source: Australian Institute of Marine Sceince

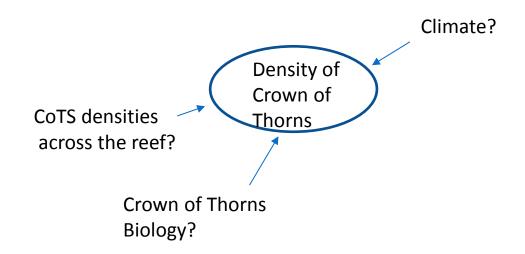
Defining Good Test Questions

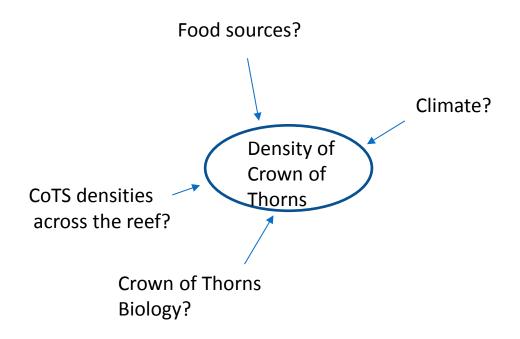
- A minimum of 10 questions
- Things experts would need to know to answer the questions of interest
- Ideally domain predictions

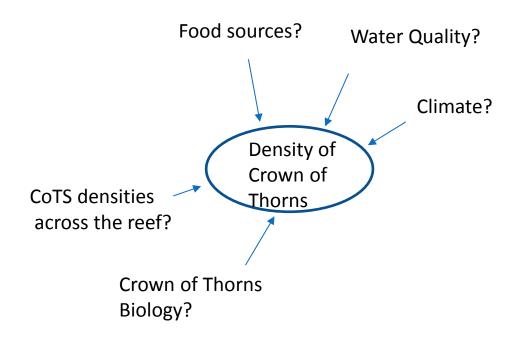
Density of Crown of Thorns

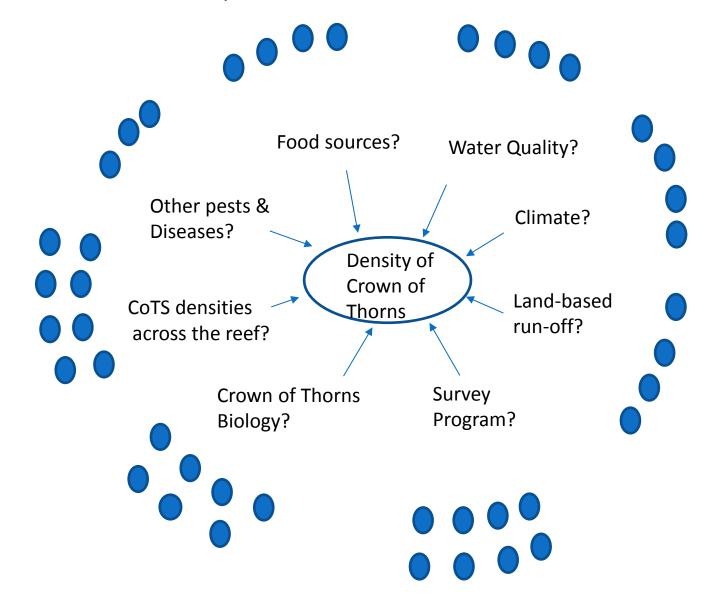


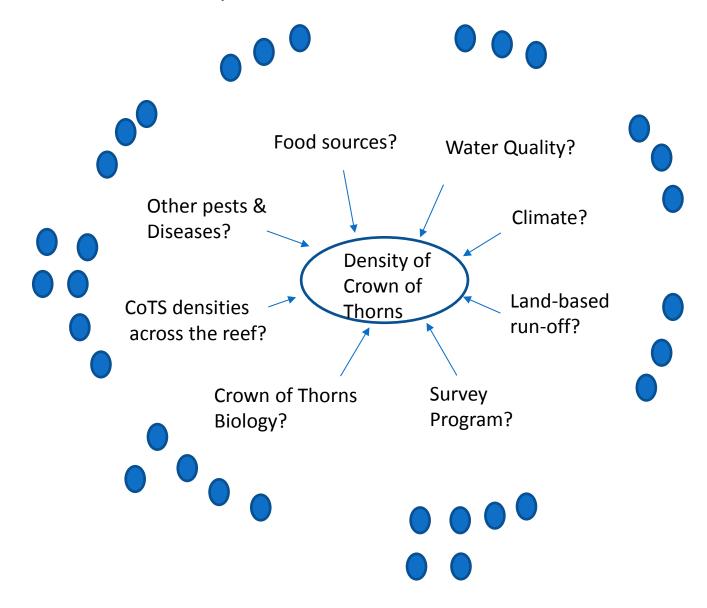


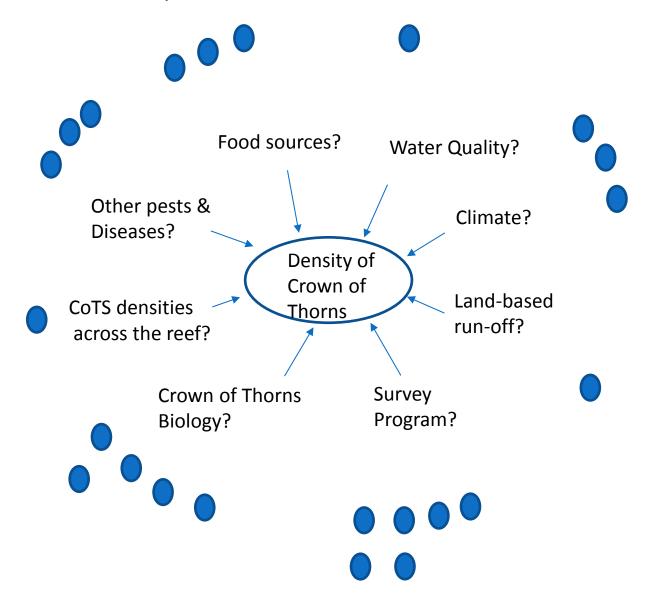


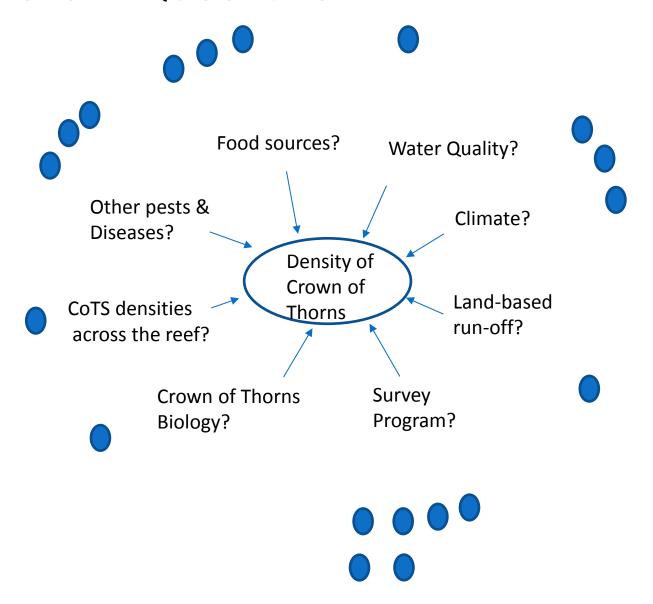


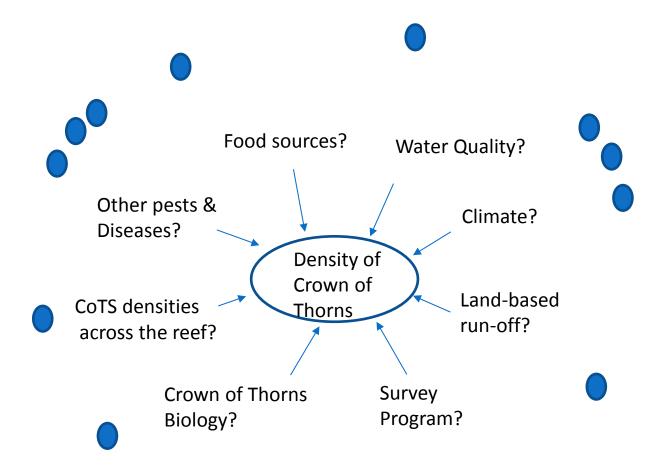




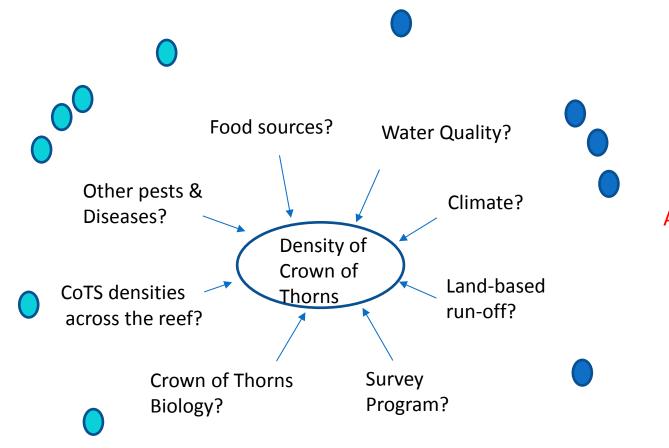




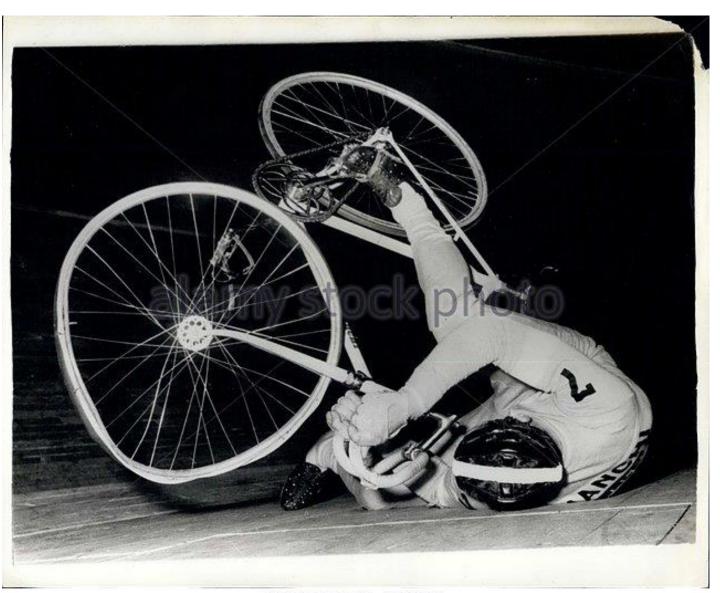




Biological questions



Abiotic questions



www.alamy.com - E0W2TN

How far can the questions be from the questions of interest?

7 Biotic Questions

7 Abiotic Questions

 7 Geopolitical Questions

Great Barrier Reef Elicitation

*Images not my own

Biotic: Bleaching, Crown of Thorns, Invasive Species, Disease, Threatened Species, Predators, Culling



Abiotic: River discharge, El-Nino, Wind speed, Turbidity, Water Temperature, Chlorophyll, Air Temperature



Geopolitical: Zika Virus, Twitter Price, Gold, Space Launches, Refugees, Coal, Brexit.



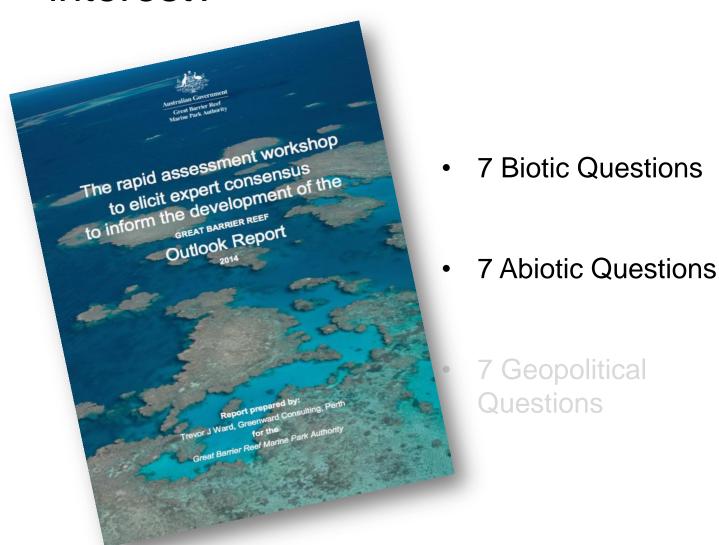
How far can the questions be from the questions of interest?

• 7 Abiotic Questions

7 Biotic Questions

7 Geopolitical Questions

How far can the questions be from the questions of interest?



An example of output from current protocol: Crown of Thorns

Component	Worst 10%	Best 10%	Most likely	Confidence
Crown-of-thorns starfish	Very poor	Very good	Poor	Medium

21 Clear Questions



"The Great Barrier Reef Intelligence Game, 2016" Victoria Hemming, Mark Burgman, Terry Walshe. Anca Hanea. School of Biosciences, University of Melbourne



Question 1 Density of Crown of Thorns Starfish (Acanthaster planci)

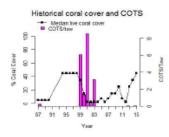
"What will be the average density of Crown of Thorns Starfish (Acanthaster planci) detected per 2 minute nanta-tow at Rib Reef, in the Townsville region, as surveyed by the Australian Institute of Marine Science AIMS) as part of the Long-term Monitoring Program between 1 March, 2016 and 30 June, 2016 (inclusive)?

Clarification: Crown of Thorns Starfish (Acanthaster planci) (CoTS) are found at numerous coral reef cosystems, including the Great Barrier Reef. They consume hard corals, and are the focus of manta-tow surveys undertaken by AIMS as part of the Long Term Monitoring Program (LTMP).

This question relates specifically to the density of CoTS per two minute manta-tow that will be detected by AIMS during surveys at Rib Reef between 1 March 2016 and 30 June 2016 (inclusive). Rib Reef is located in the Townsville region of the Great Barrier Reef (GBR) (Appendix A). The average density per 2 minute manta tow, is a standard metric used to compare between reefs and years. The average density of CoTS per 2 ninute manta tow refers to the total number of CoTS that are detected by AIMS during manta-tow surveys livided by the total number of manta-tow surveys undertaken at Rib Reef. We will accept survey results for Rib Reef recorded between 1 March, 2016 and 30 June 2016 (inclusive). If the survey does not occur, or occurs outside of this period, the question will be void. As with all monitoring data, it is important to note that this question relates specifically to the number of CoTS detected and reported, not necessarily the actual number of CoTS present at Rib Reef.

Resolution: The question will be resolved when the report for the Townsville section for the 2015/2016 monitoring period is published online by AIMS (see latest surveys in useful links).

a. Historical density of CoTS per 2 minute manta tow at Rib Reef recorded by the AIMS LTMP



Useful Links

Rib Reef Survey methods

Latest surveys

"What will be the average density of Crown of Thorns Starfish (Acanthaster planci) detected per 2 minute manta-tow at Rib Reef, in the Townsville region, as surveyed by the Australian Institute of Marine Science (AIMS) as part of the Long-term Monitoring Program between 1 March, 2016 and 30 June, 2016 (inclusive)?

76 experts



Divided into 8 groups











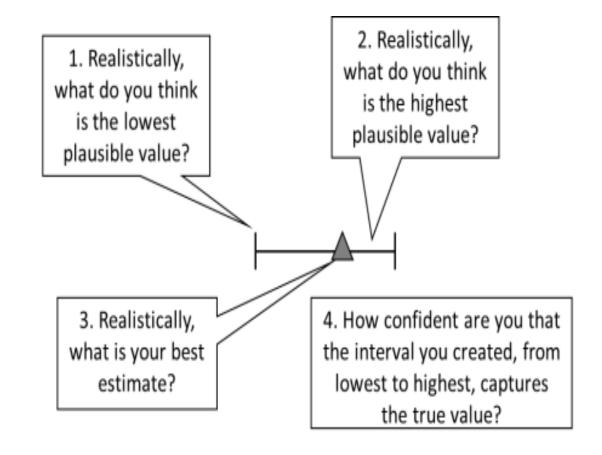








Remote elicitation

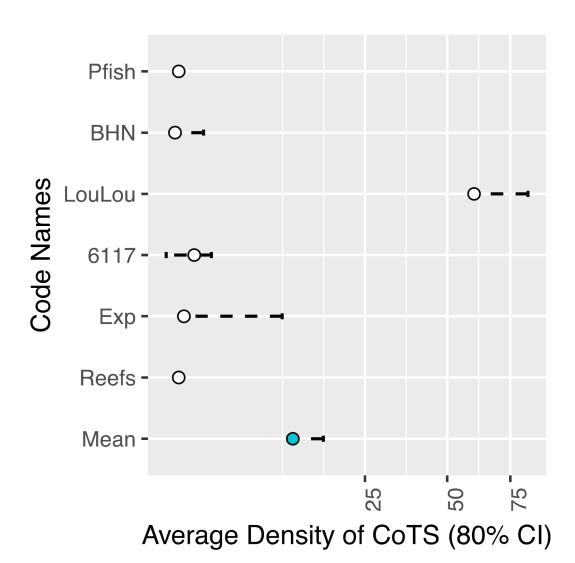


4-step elicitation

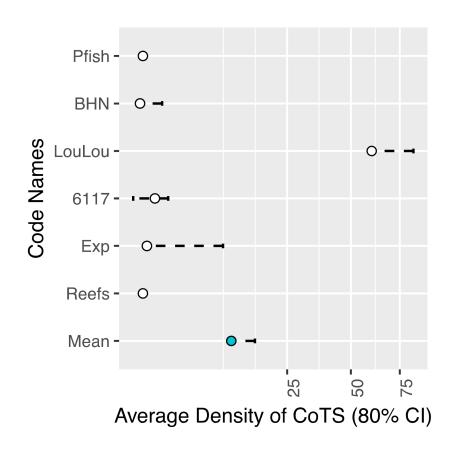
Round 1: Remote Elicitation (10 days)



Feedback



Discussion: 10 days

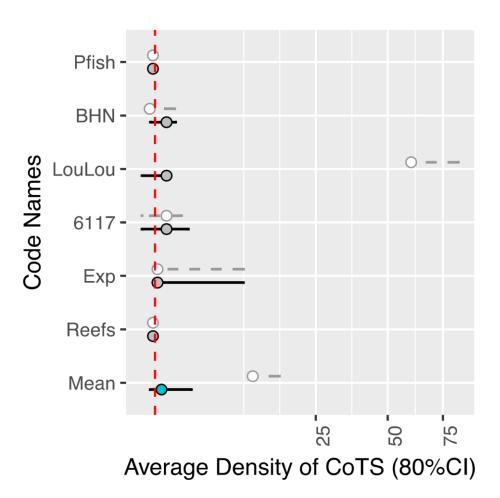




Round 2: Revised anonymous estimate (7 days)



Final Results

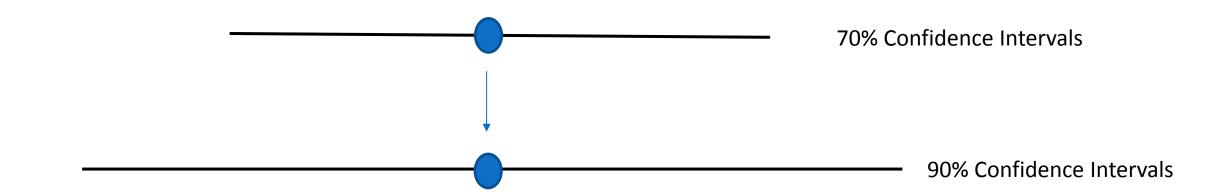


An example of current protocol output: Crown of Thorns

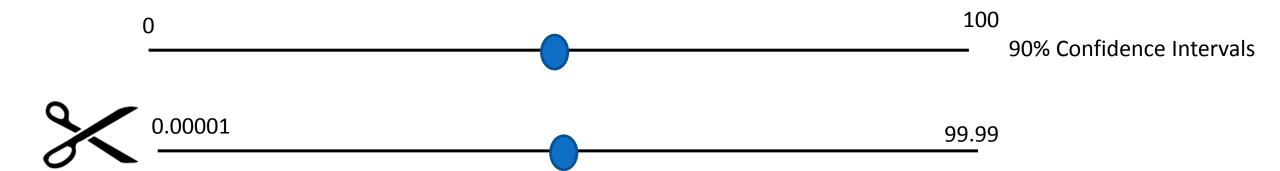
Component	Worst 10%	Best 10%	Most likely	Confidence
Crown-of-thorns starfish	Very poor	Very good	Poor	Medium

Current method (Ward 2014)

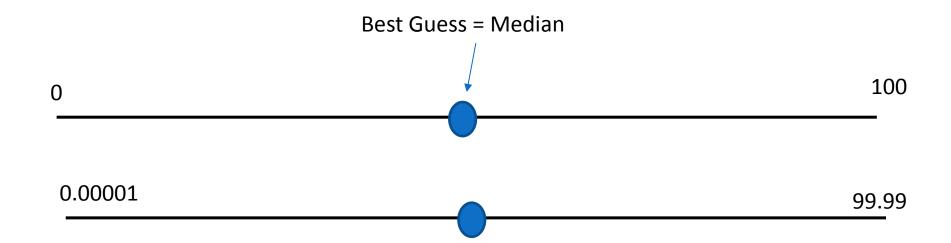
Preparing for Excalibur



Preparing for Excalibur

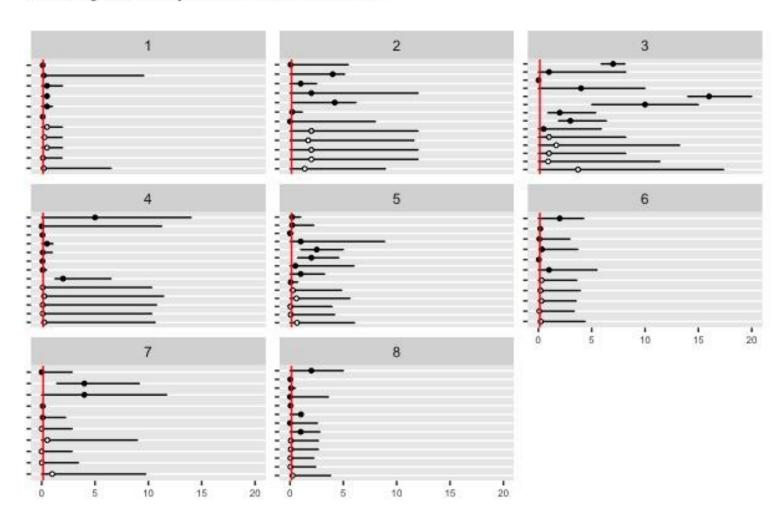


Preparing for Excalibur



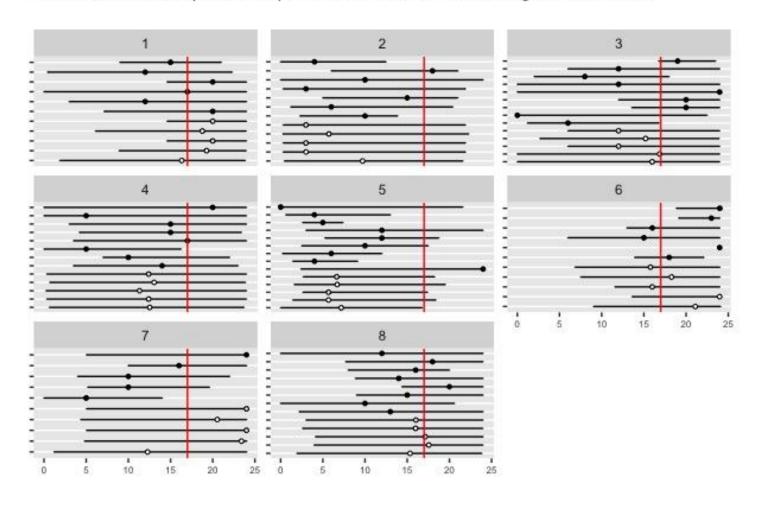
Results: Abiotic and Biotic Questions

Average density of CoTS at Rib Reef



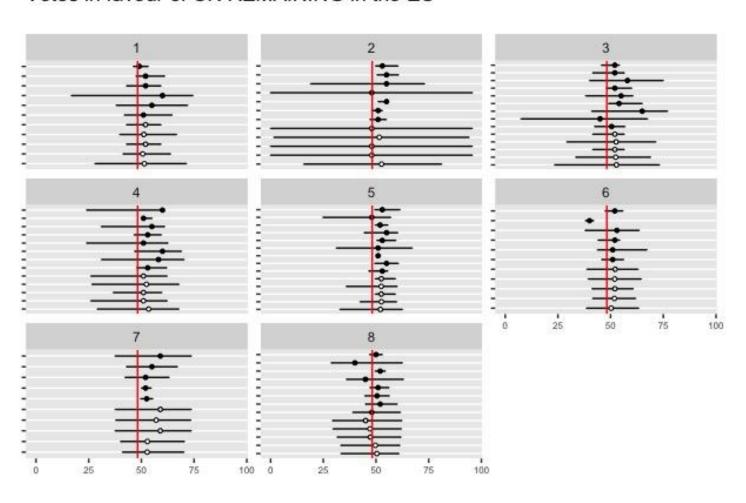
Results: Abiotic and Biotic Questions

Number of reefs (out of 24) with at least 1% bleaching of hard coral

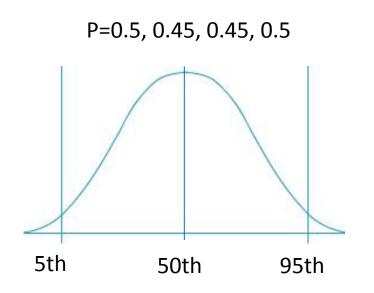


Results: Abiotic and Biotic Questions

Votes in favour of UK REMAINING in the EU



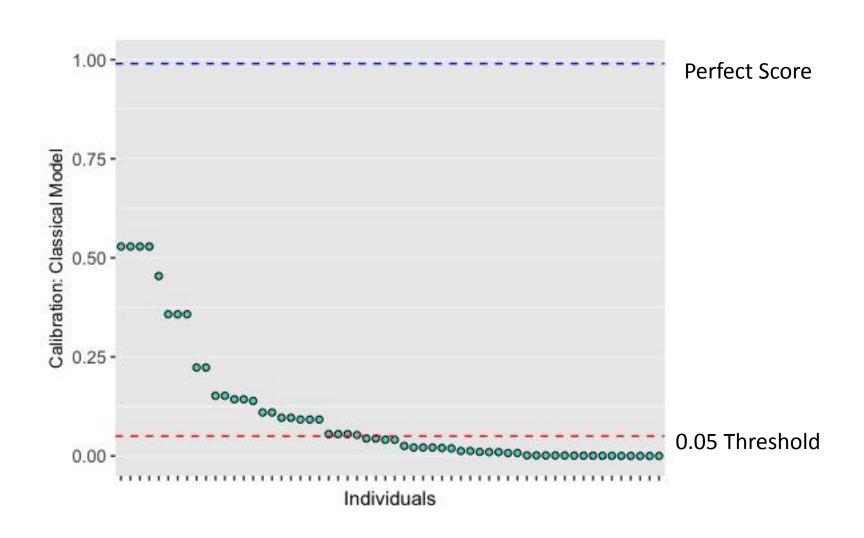
Statistical Accuracy: Classical Model (13 Questions)



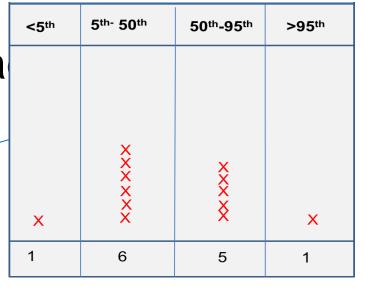
Cooke's Calibration = 0					
5 ^{th-} 50 th	50 th -95 th	>95 th			
0	0	0			
		5th- 50th 50th-95th			

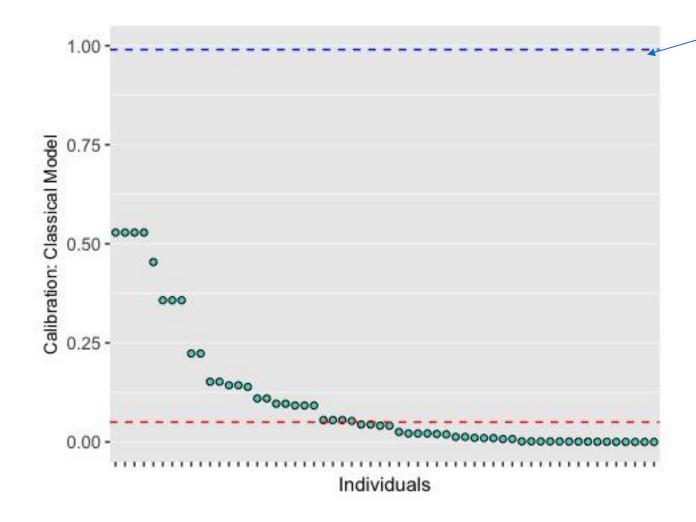
Cooke's Calibration = 0.928					
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	50 th -95 th	>95 th		
	X	X			
	X X X X	X X X			
X	X	X	X		
1	6	5	1		

Individual Performance: Statistical Accuracy

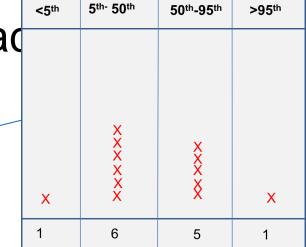


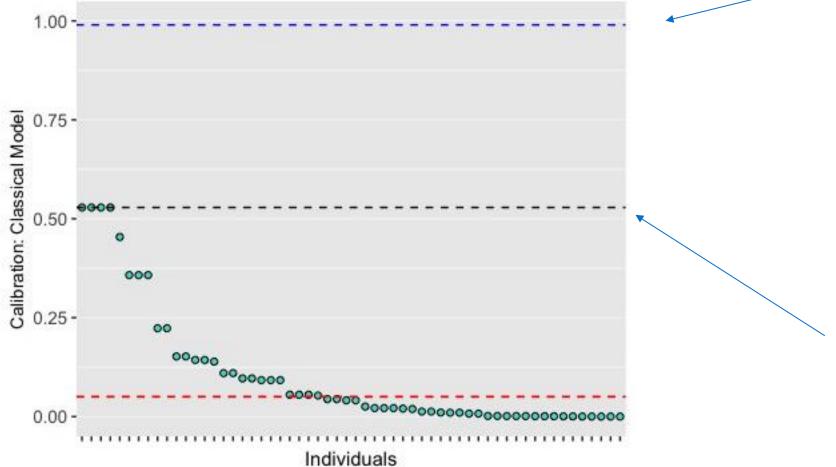
Individual Performance: Statistical Accura





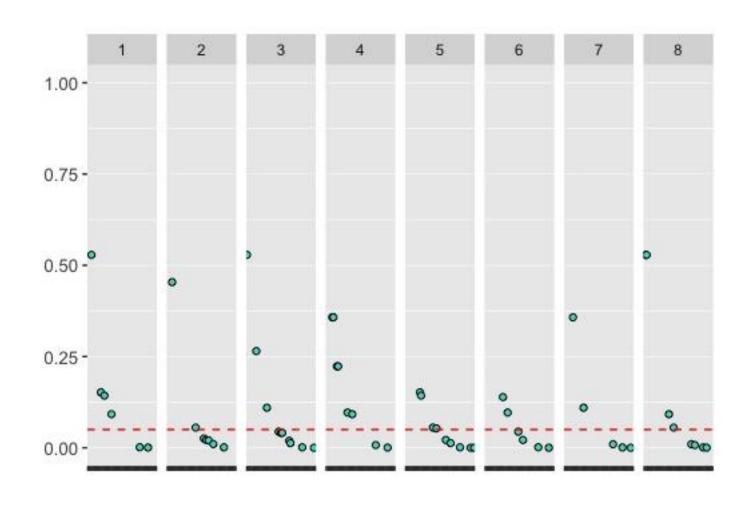
Individual Performance: Statistical Accurad



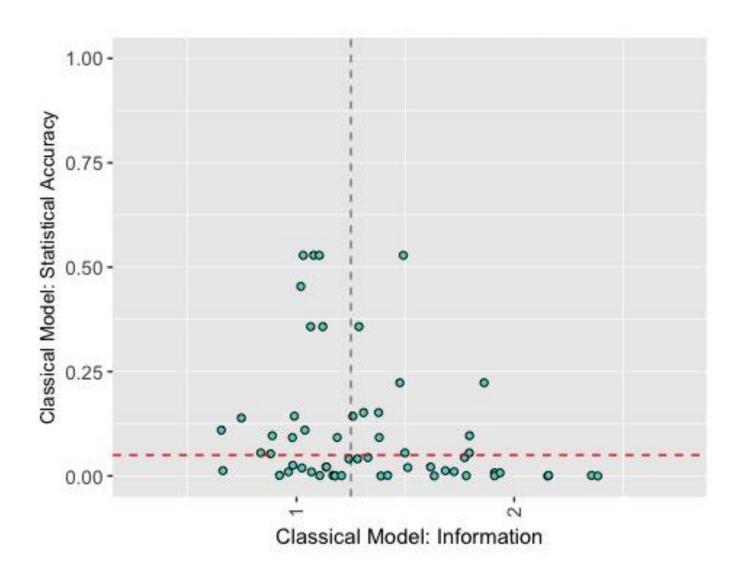


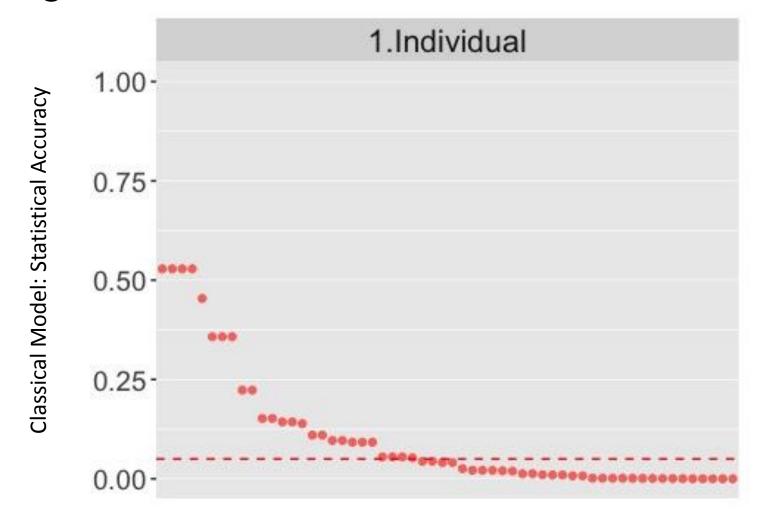
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	50 th -95 th	>95 th
	X X X X	X	
X X	X	X X X X	X
2	5	5	1

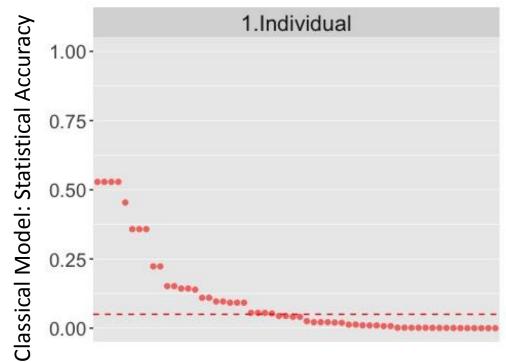
Calibration of Individuals per group

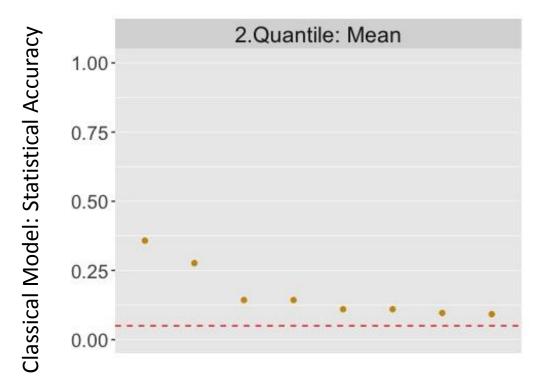


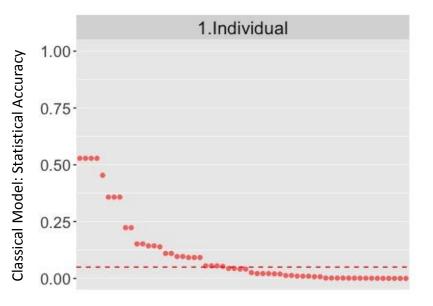
Information vs Statistical Accuracy

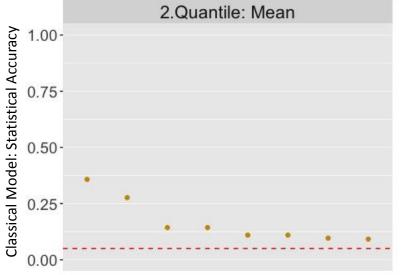


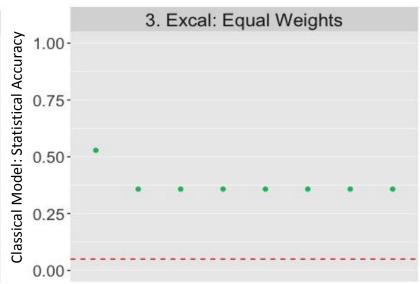


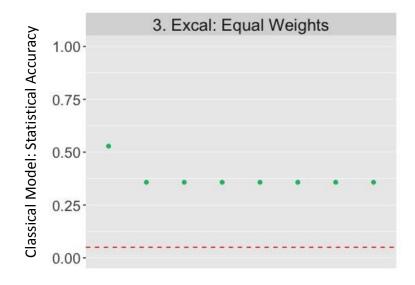


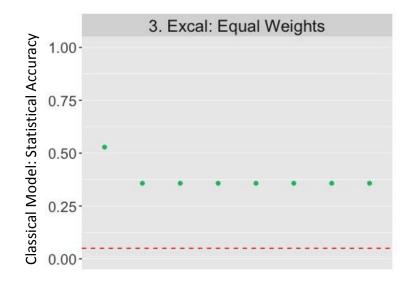


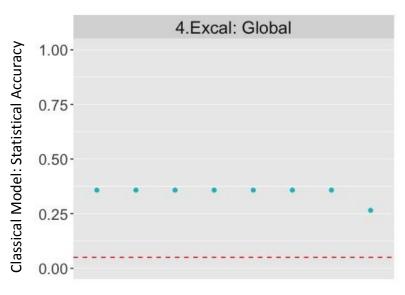


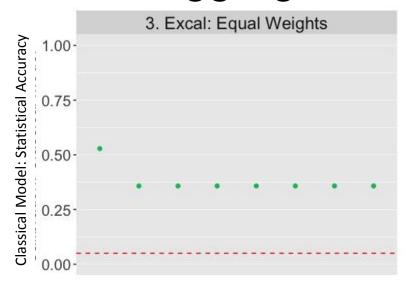


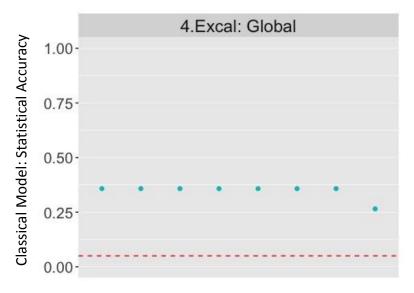


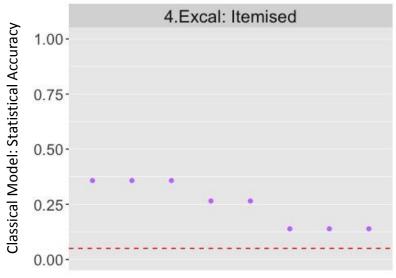


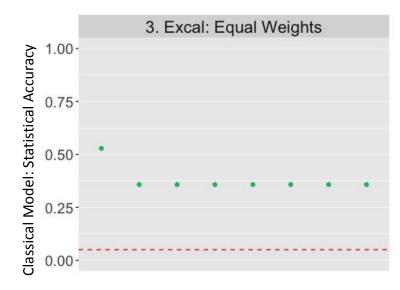


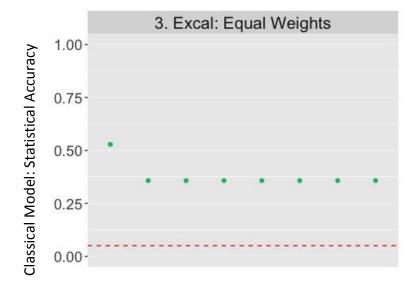


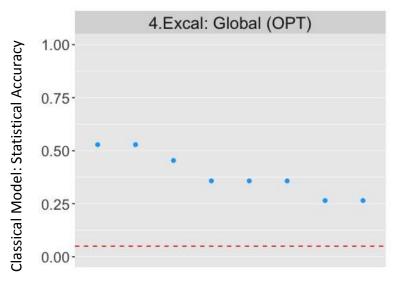


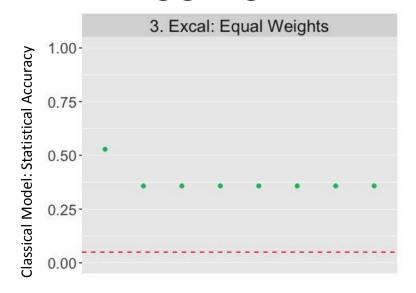


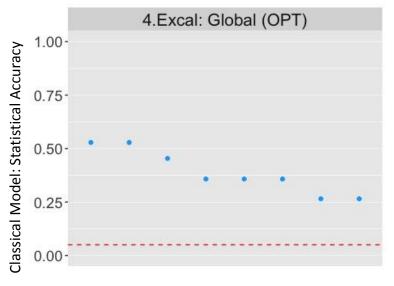


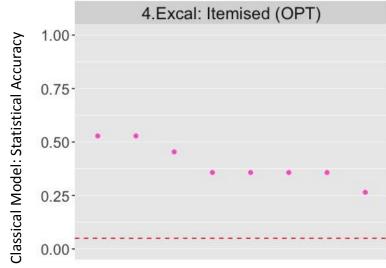


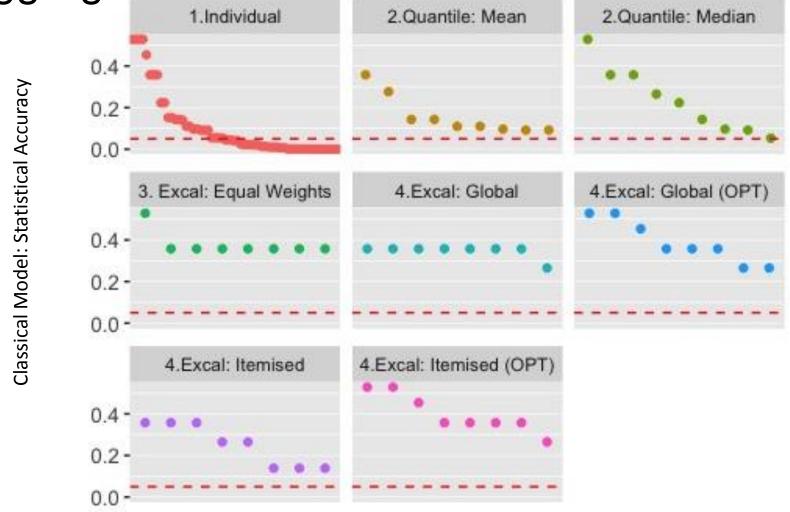




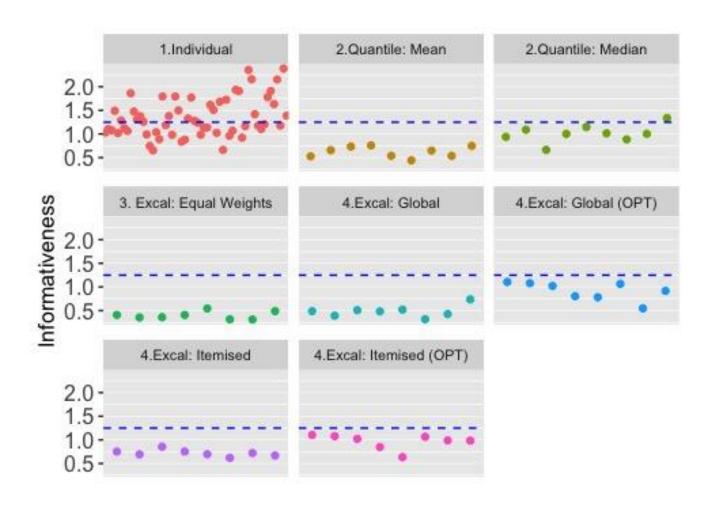


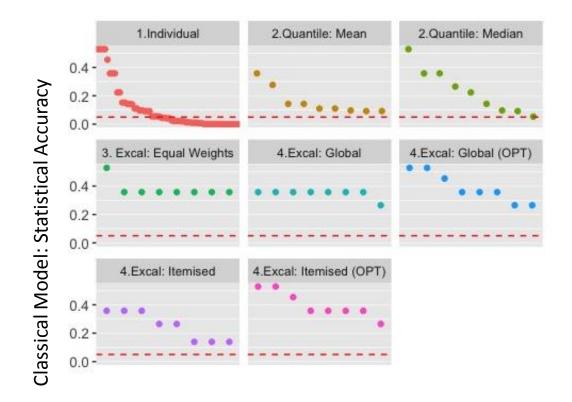


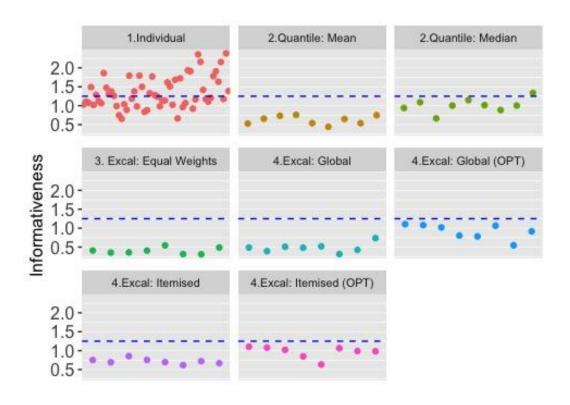




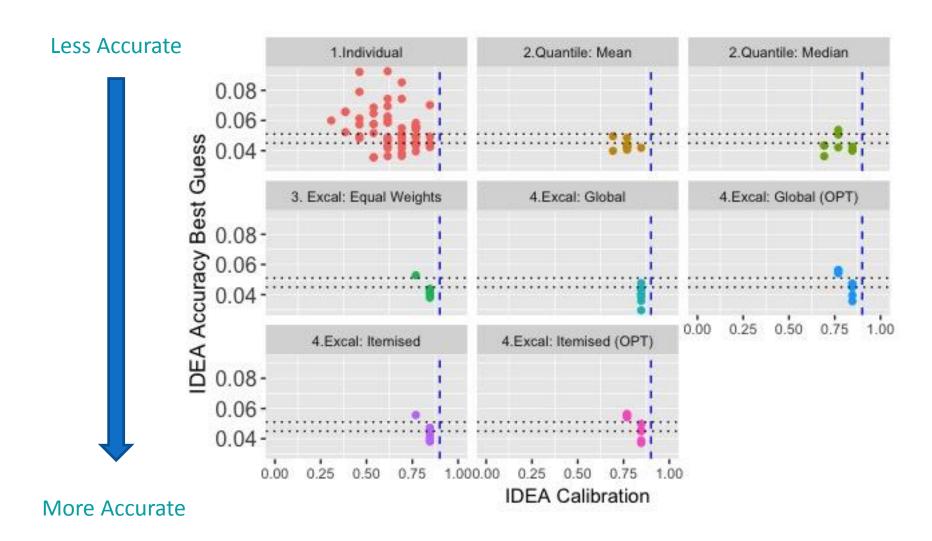
Classical Model Informativeness



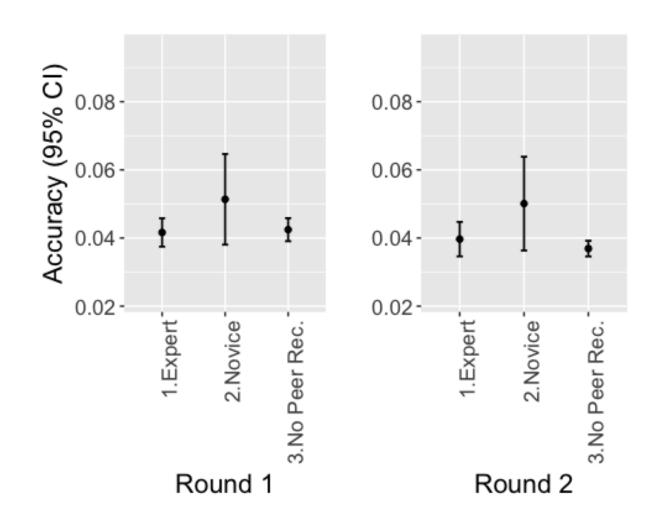




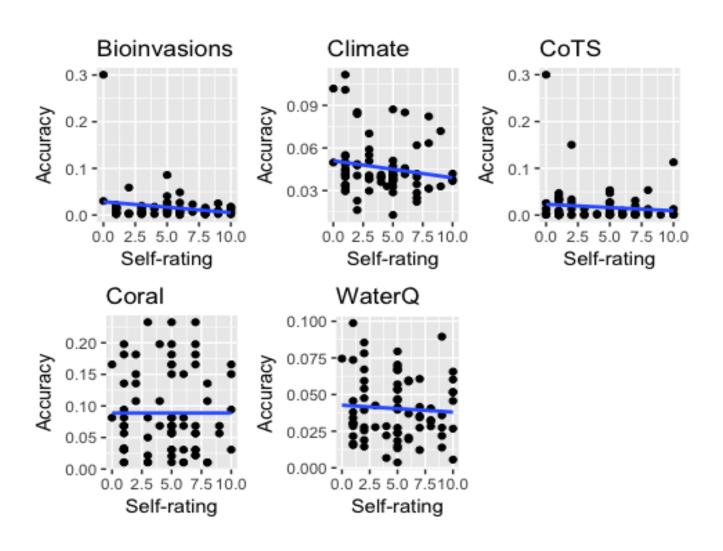
IDEA Scoring

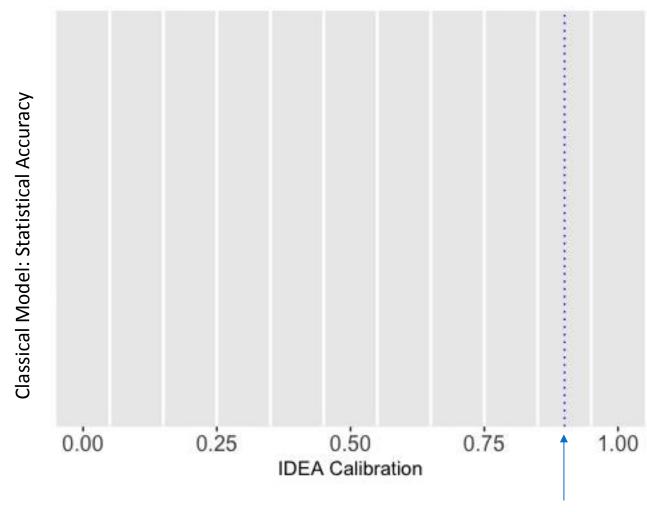


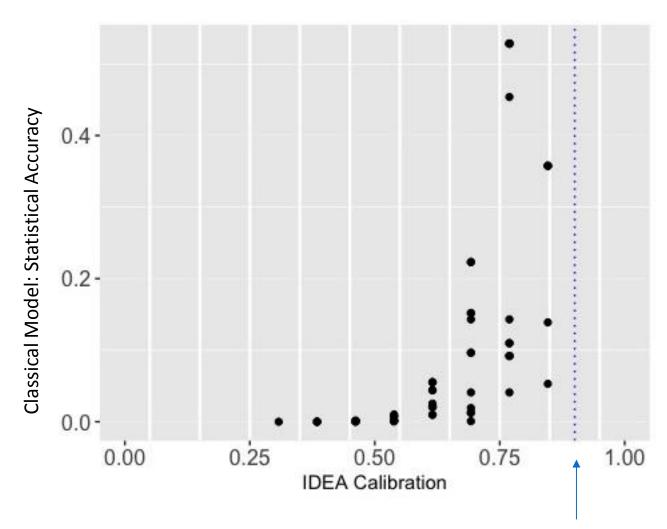
Experts vs Novices

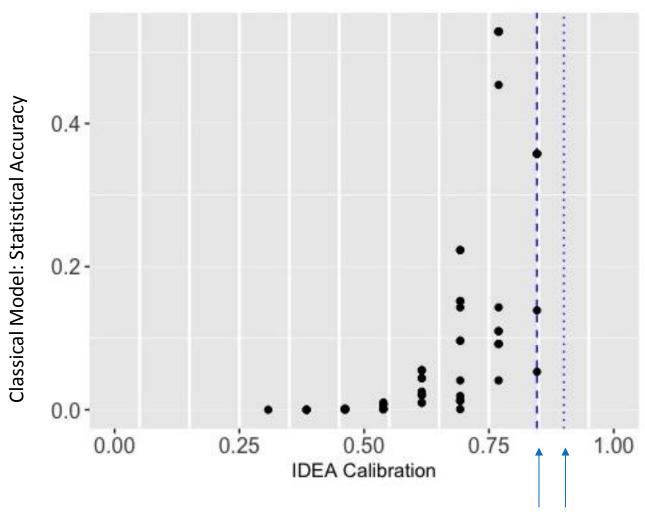


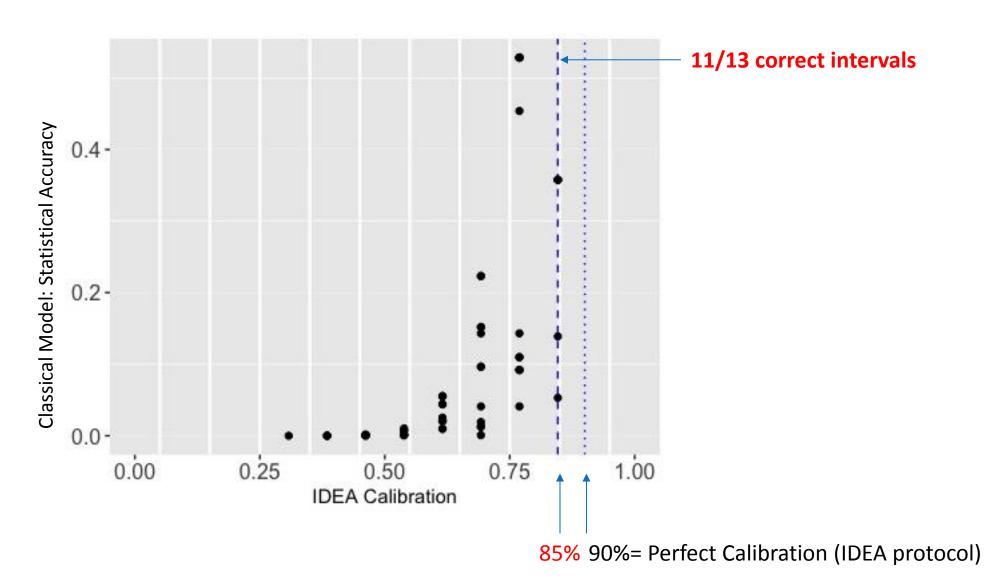
Self-rating and Accuracy?

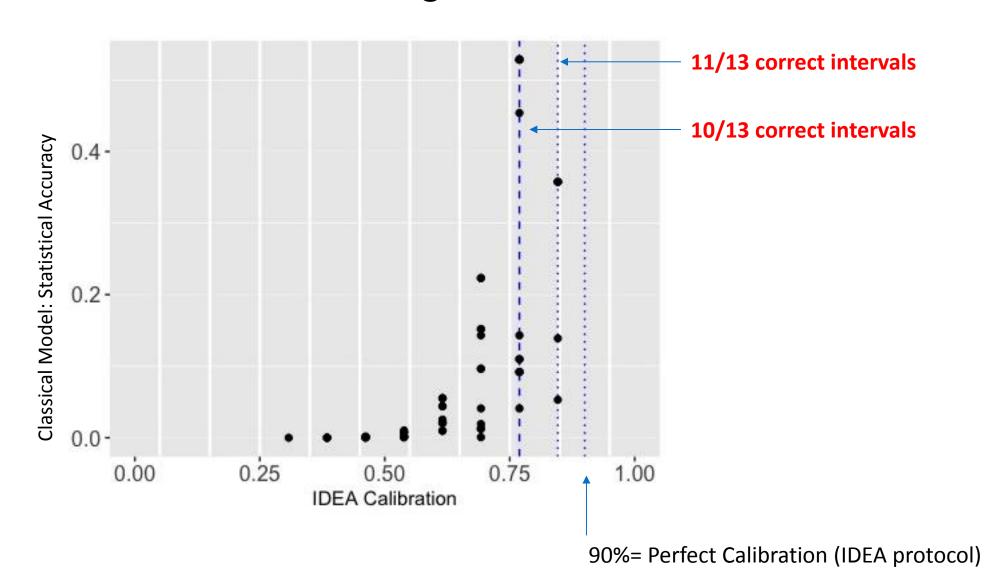


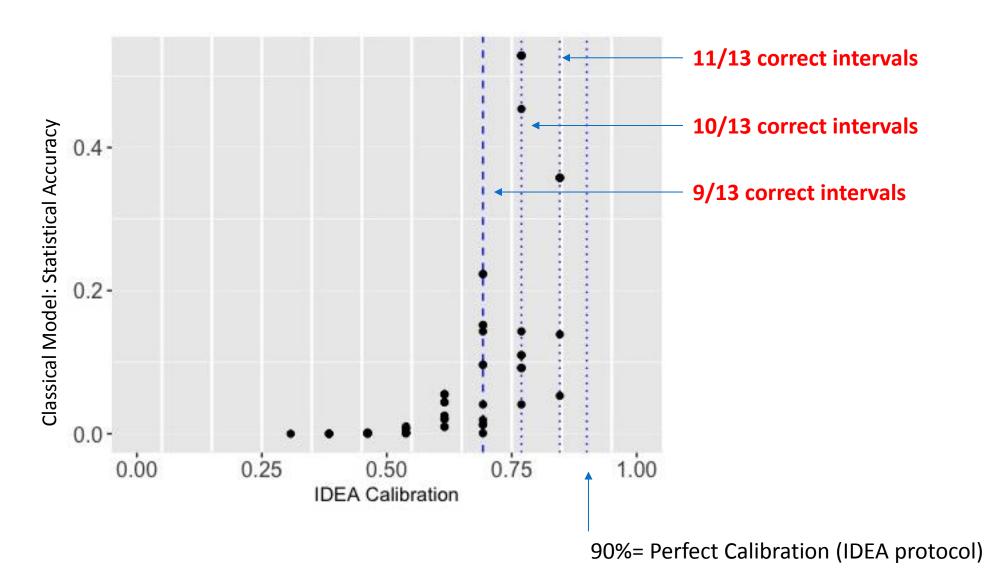


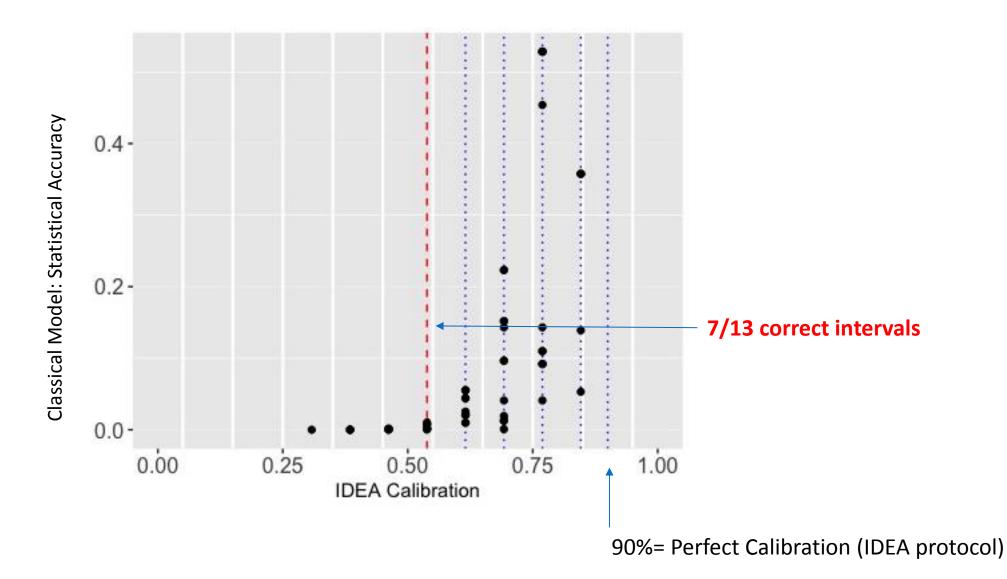


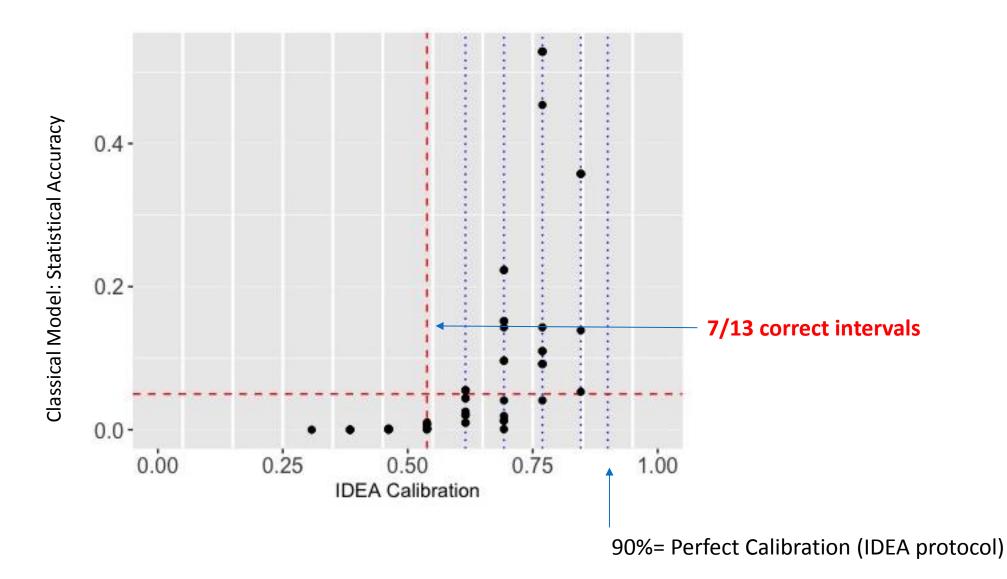


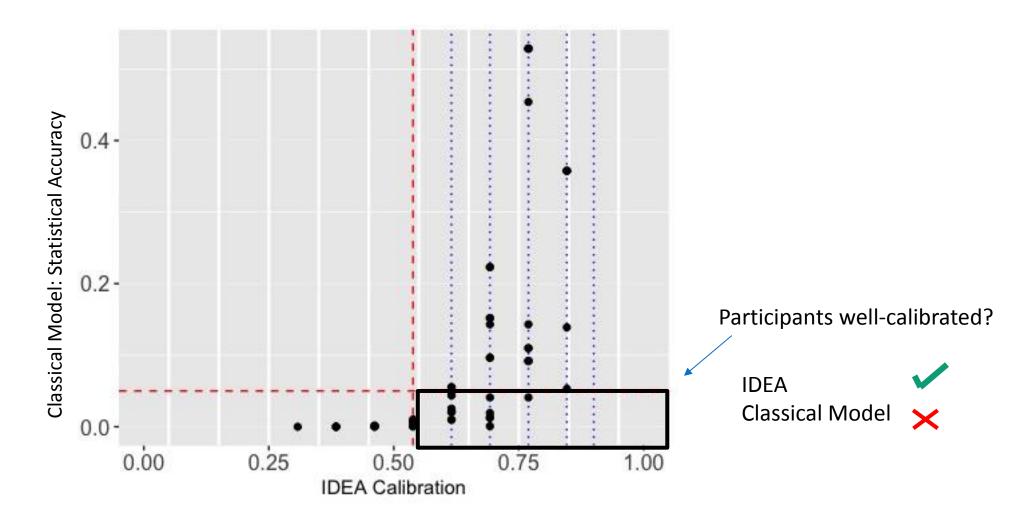




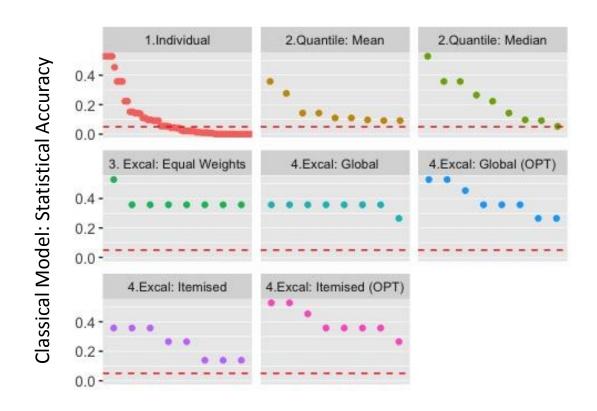


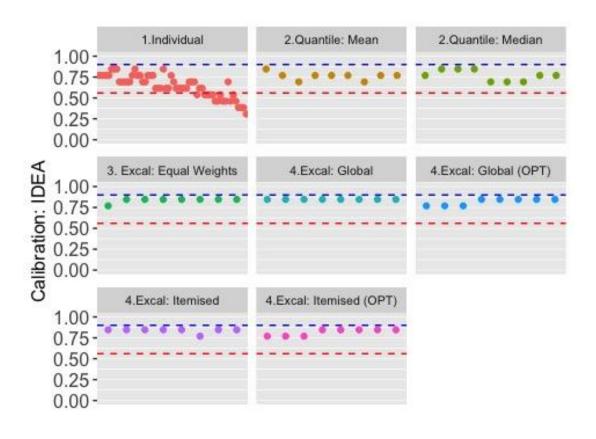






Which Aggregation to Trust?





Naïve Performance-Based Weights: Classical Model

Abiotic + Geopolitical					
Weighted combination	Statistical Accuracy	Information	Rank		
IT_OPT	0.6894	1.283	1		
IT	0.6894	1.045	2		
PW	0.6894	0.8546	3		
PW_OPT	0.614	1.168	4		
EW	0.614	0.8356	5		

Naïve Performance-Based Weights: Classical Model

Abiotic + Geopolitical					
Weighted combination	Statistical Accuracy	Information	Rank		
IT_OPT	0.6894	1.283	1		
IT	0.6894	1.045	2		
PW	0.6894	0.8546	3		
PW_OPT	0.614	1.168	4		
EW	0.614	0.8356	5		

Cooke's Calibration = 0.6894			
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	50 th -95 th	>95 th
	X	X	
	X X X X	X X X X	
X	x	χ̂	
1	6	6	0

	Cooke's Calibration = 0.614				
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	50 th -95 th	>95 th		
X	X X X X	× × × × ×			
1	5	7	0		

Naïve Performance-Based Weights: Calibration Classical Model

Abiotic + Geopolitical				
Weighted combination	Statistical Accuracy	Information	Rank	
IT_OPT	0.6894	1.283	1	
IT	0.6894	1.045	2	
PW	0.6894	0.8546	3	
PW_OPT	0.614	1.168	4	
EW	0.614	0.8356	5	

Biotic				
Weighted combination	Statistical Accuracy	Information	Rank	
PW_OPT	0.1586	0.8688		1
EW	0.1586	0.7341		2
PW	0.1586	0.707		3
IT_OPT	0.1008	0.9319		4
IT	0.1008	1.024		5

Cooke's Calibration = 0.6894						
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	5th- 50th 50th-95th >95th				
	X	X				
	X X X X	X X X X				
X	X	x				
1	6	6	0			

	Cooke's Calibration = 0.614					
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	5th- 50th 50th-95th >95th				
	X	X				
X	X X X	X X X X				
1	5	7	0			

Naïve Performance-Based Weights: Calibration Classical Model

Abiotic + Geopolitical				
Weighted combination	Statistical Accuracy	Information	Rank	
IT_OPT	0.6894	1.283	1	
IT	0.6894	1.045	2	
PW	0.6894	0.8546	3	}
PW_OPT	0.614	1.168	4	
EW	0.614	0.8356	5	

Biotic				
Weighted combination	Statistical Accuracy	Information	Rank	
PW_OPT	0.1586	0.8688		1
EW	0.1586	0.7341		2
PW	0.1586	0.707		3
IT_OPT	0.1008	0.9319		4
IT	0.1008	1.024		5

Cooke's Calibration = 0.6894						
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	5th- 50th 50th-95th >95th				
	X	X				
	X X X X	X X X X				
X	x	x				
1	6	6	0			

	Cooke's Calibration = 0.614					
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	5th- 50th 50th-95th >95th				
X	X X X X	× × × × ×				
1	5	7	0			

Cooke's Calibration = 0.159						
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	50 th -95 th >95 th				
X	X	X				
X	*	^				
2	2	2	0			

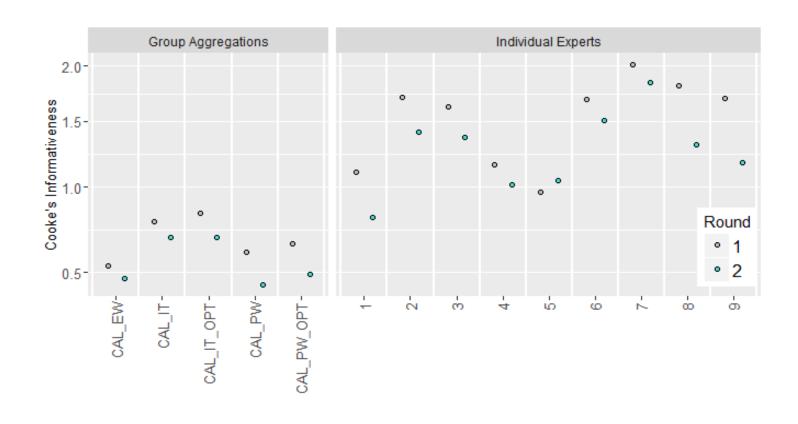
Cooke's Calibration = 0.101						
<5 th	5 ^{th-} 50 th	50 th -95 th	>95 th			
X	X X X	X				
2	3	1	0			

A Second Example: Fault Engineering

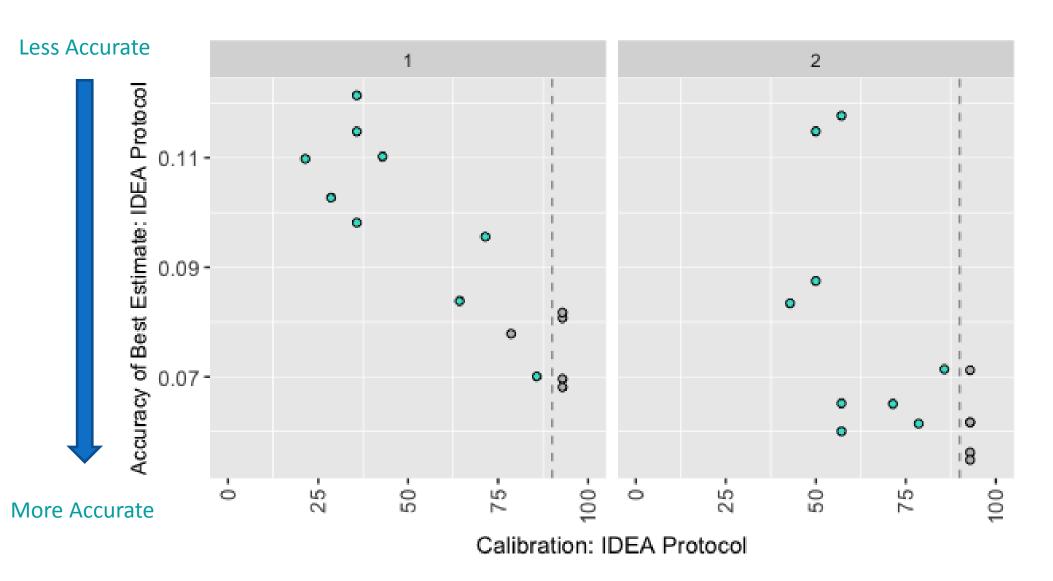


14 Questions

A Second Example: Fault Engineering



Groups outperform individuals + Discussion helps



Should Test Questions Be Developed?

YES

- To confirm the group/ Individuals have knowledge, and can accurately communicate their knowledge.
- Avoid analyst bias.
- Avoid pre-judgement of expertise.
- Important for validating expertise (legal challenges?).

Should performance-based weight be used?

Yes

- If they are better calibrated then Yes.
- Can't tell unless you develop test questions
- Study indicates that the weights may not "over-optimise".

Are there challenges still to be overcome?

Yes

- More studies required in conservation domains to show how test questions could be developed.
- More cross-validation studies required to explore if there are conditions under which development of test questions could lead to over-optimisation.
- Guidance for developing test questions (I have started to compile this.- would love your input)
- Showing the difference that it makes to a decision. Does it save lives, money etc.
- Excalibur recoded in an open access program like R.

Conclusions

- Difficult to define good test questions.
- Weighting may be sensitive to the questions asked but did not over-optimise.
- Difference in how the aggregations would be ranked between IDEA and Classical Model.
- Further exploration on the best way to adapt 4-Step Elicitation to suit Classical Model / performance-based weighting
- Can only investigate the performance if we include test questions.

Acknowledgements

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All of the experts who enabled me to test them ©

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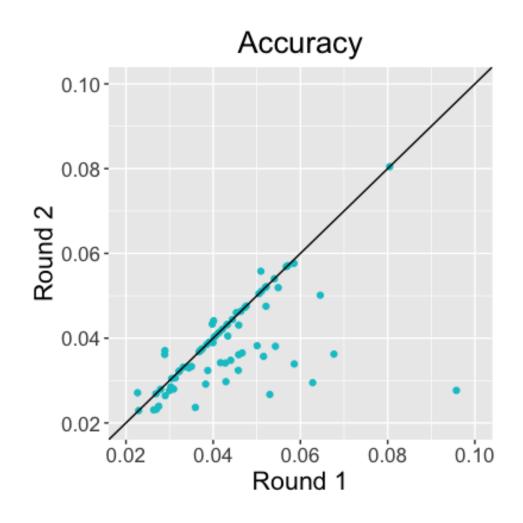
Caveats:

• Results of 1 study.

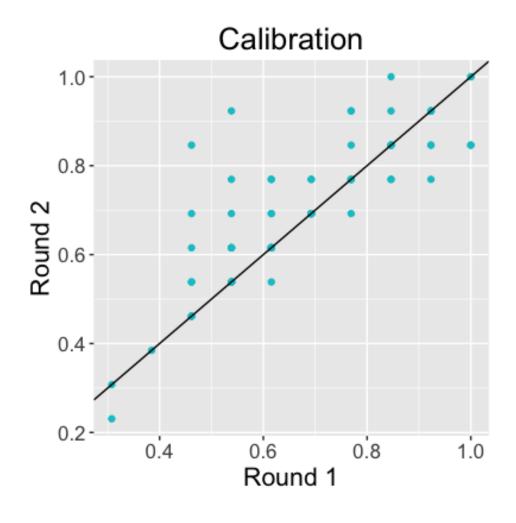
Future directions:

- Does it improve Decision Quality?
- To explore groups comprised of experts vs novices.

The value of a second round?



The Value of a Second Round?





Conservation reliant on Expert judgement



2. Unstructured and opaque methods abundant

Vague questions...



3. Results ambiguous



IDEA protocol and structured elicitation proposed as alternatives



3. The next step?

Performance-based weights

Great Barrier Reef Elicitation

*Images not my own

Biotic: Bleaching, Crown of Thorns, Invasive Species, Disease, Threatened Species, Predators, Culling



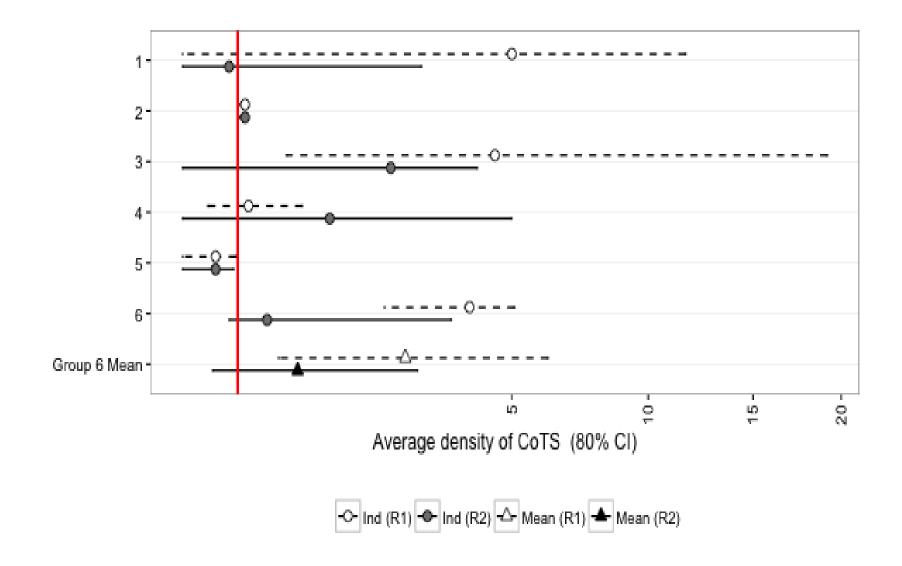
Abiotic: River discharge, El-Nino, Wind speed, Turbidity, Water Temperature, Chlorophyll, Air Temperature



Geopolitical: Zika Virus, Twitter Price, Gold, Space Launches, Refugees, Coal, Brexit.



IDEA protocol: Crown of Thorns



Expert Judgement in Conservation



© Jenman African Safaris



© eazystock

Performance-based questions: A case study in conservation



Outline

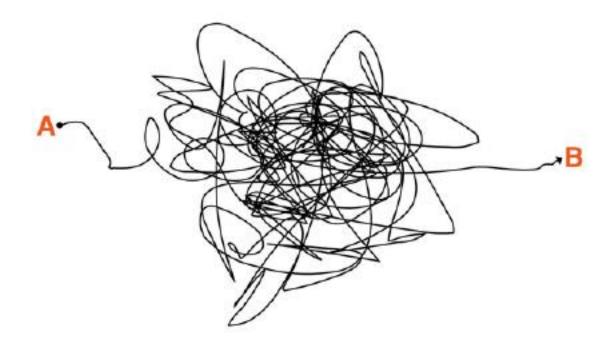
1. Should we aggregate distributions or quantiles?

2. Can **performance-weights** improve the group aggregation?

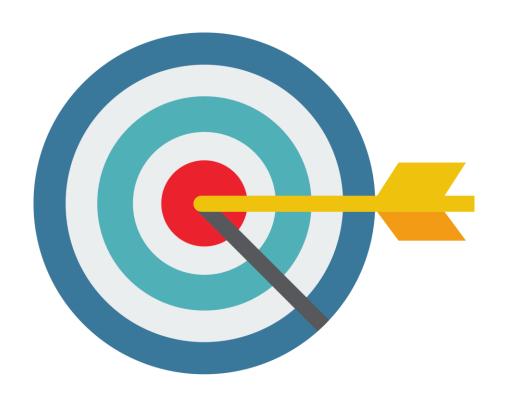
3. What makes a **good / bad question**?

Some background

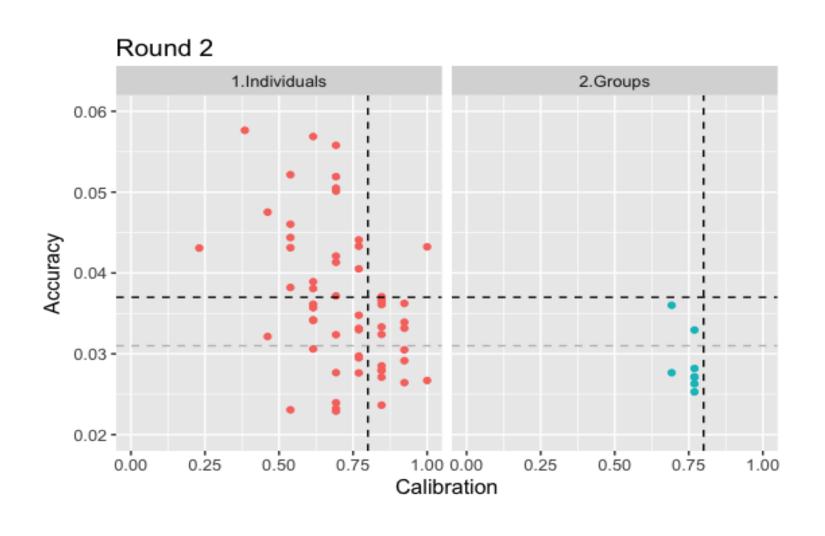
The problem?



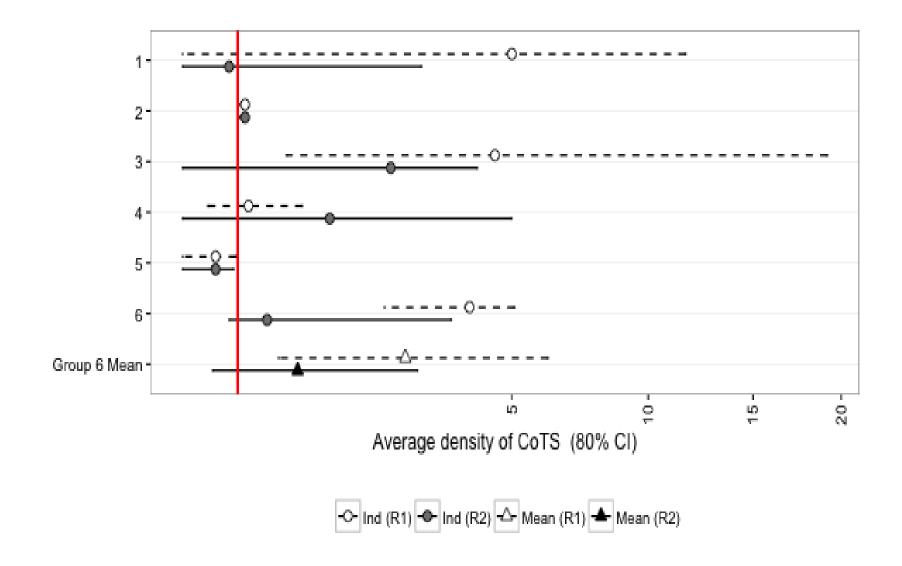
One truth. No uncertainty.



The Crowd Does Well (Abiotic + Biotic Questions)



IDEA protocol: Crown of Thorns



Experimental Design

- 21 questions
- 76 participants (8 random groups)
- Numerical estimates
- Future events validated with data

Is There a Another Option?



How Bad Can It Be?

• 7 Biotic Questions

• 7 Abiotic Questions

7 Geopolitical Questions

IDEA protocol: Crown of Thorns

